Summary of Country Reports

—Current Status of 12 FNCA Member States—

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Regulatory Authority:

Independence of Regulatory Agencies

- ◆ Independent: Australia (ASNO), Indonesia (BAPETEN), Japan (NRA), ROK (NSSC)
- ◆ Semi-Independent*: Kazakhstan (KAEA), Malaysia (AELB), Mongolia (NRRA), Thailand (OAP), Vietnam (VARANS), Bangladesh (BAERA)
 - *The regulatory agency is under a governmental body or ministry to which a nuclear promotion agency belongs
- ◆ No Independence: Philippines (PNRI)

Recent Development

Bangladesh: established BAERA in June 2012

Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam: Developing acts to establish independent

regulatory bodies

Safeguards (1)

Implementation of International Treaties and Agreements

- ➤ Member of **NPT** (Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty): 12/12 states
- > CSA (Comprehensive Safeguards Agreement) in Force: 12/12 states
- > AP (Additional Protocol) in Force: 10/12 states
- ➤ **IS** (Integrated Safeguards): 5/12 states

	NPT Member	CSA in Force	AP in Force	I S
Australia	0	0	12 Dec. 1997	0
Bangladesh	0	0	30 Mar. 2001	0
China	0	0	28 Mar. 2002	n/a
Indonesia	0	0	29 Sep. 1999	0
Japan	0	0	16 Dec. 1999	0
Kazakhstan	0	0	9 May 2007	
Malaysia	0	0	(Signed: 22 Nov. 2005)	
Mongolia	0	0	12 May 2003	
Philippines	0	0	26 Feb. 2010	
ROK	0	0	19 Feb. 2004	0
Thailand	0	0	(Signed: 22 Sep. 2005)	
Vietnam	0	0	17 Sep. 2012	

Safeguards (2)

Improvements in Safeguards Implementation of 2013

- ◆ Bangladesh: new BAER Act on security and safeguards passed in 2012 and now being enforced; drafting national policy on SAAC
- ◆ Indonesia: established database for inspection system
- ◆ Japan: Restarted safeguards activities in Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power of TEPCO, beginning with nuclear fuel material accountancy at accessible facilities
- ◆ Kazakhstan: Long-Term Storage of BN-350 SNF and monitoring
- ◆ Malaysia: new Atomic Act to be submitted to the parliament

Safeguards (3)

Improvements in Safeguards Implementation of 2013

- Mongolia: preparation for safeguards for near future production of yellow cake
- ◆ Philippines: broader conclusion was drawn in 2013
- ◆ ROK: enhanced cooperation with IAEA (CGEC); development of new technologies
- ◆ **Thailand**: AP signed but not ratified yet: updating comprehensive law in preparation
- ◆ **Vietnam:** 2013 as the 1st year of AP implementation: declaration, regular inspection, receiving CA; development of safeguards information management system; issued new regulation on AP requirements and import/export control of AP annex 2 items

Nuclear Security (1)

Implementation of International Treaties and Conventions

- CPPNM (Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material): 10/12 states
- > CPPNM Amendment*: 5/12 states
 - *IAEA Recommendation INFCIRC 225/Rev5 consistent with the Amendment
- ➤ Nuclear Terrorism Convention (International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism): (10/12 states committed)

Ratification: 3 states, Accession: 1 state, Acceptance: 1 state, Signature: 5 states

	СРРИМ	CPPNM Amendment	Nuclear Terrorism Convention
Australia	21 Jan 1989 in force	ratification 17 Jul 2008	signature 14 Sep 05
Bangladesh	10 Jun 2005 in force		accession 07 Jun 07
China	09 Feb 1989 in force	ratification 14 Sep. 2009	ratification 8 Nov 2010
Indonesia	08 Feb 1987 in force	ratification 27 May 2010	Ratification 2013
Japan	27 Nov 1988 in force		acceptance 02 Oct 07
Kazakhstan	02 Oct 2005 in force	ratification 26 Apr 2011	ratification 31 Jul 08
Korea	08 Feb 1987 in force		signature 16 Sep 2005
Malaysia			signature 16 Sep 05
Mongolia	08 Feb 1987 in force		ratification 06 Oct 06
Philippines	08 Feb 1987 in force		signature 15 Sep 05
Thailand			signature 14 Sep 05
Vietnam	03 Nov 2012 in force	ratification 03 Nov 2012	3

Nuclear Security (2)

Improvements in Nuclear Security Implementation of 2013

- ◆ Bangladesh: drafting national policy on nuclear security (DBT, implementation of NSS 13 (INFCIRC/225/Rev 5) recommendations); drafting national implementing guide of DBT; finalizing INSSP
- ◆ Indonesia: new regulation on licensing requirements including PP system and SG; will receive IPPAS mission in Aug. 2014; developed guideline for establish PF plan; developing National Single Window; developed the methodology for threat assessment
- ◆ Japan: Requested the IAEA for an IPPAS mission (Late 2014 early 2015); proposed to revise domestic law in accordance with requirements in the 2005 Amendment to CPPNM
- ◆ Kazakhstan: upgrading PP by cooperation with US/DOE, DOD

Nuclear Security (3)

Improvements in Nuclear Security Implementation of 2013

- ◆ Malaysia: developed Nuclear Security Support Plan 2013-2015 (legal prevention, detection, emergency preparedness, HR); considering requesting IPPAS mission; developed national detection strategy of illicit trafficking
- Mongolia: establishment and improvement of technical systems for detection at the borders
- ◆ **Philippines:** review and update of INSSP; development of new regulation on transport security and guideline for transport security plan; revising radiation source security regulation; adopted RAIS
- ◆ ROK: started nuclear security training for domestic audience
- ◆ Thailand: review of DBT in March 2014; upgraded PP for research reactors after IPPAS mission, applied PP for radiation sources; implementation of NSS 13 recommendations
- ◆ Vietnam: implementation of INSSP; Megaport initiative at 1 port from 2013 and RPMs installed at international airport; full conversion of HEU to LEU − HEU-free state

Nuclear Security Culture

Methods and Plans to Foster Nuclear Security Culture

- ◆ Bangladesh: hosted IAEA national workshop on security culture (2013); hosted seminar and training course on security awareness with US/DOE (2013)
- ◆ Indonesia: develop a national guideline on security culture
- ◆ Japan: Regulatory requirement for nuclear culture promotion; host a regional training course on Nuclear Security Culture (sharing good practices) with IAEA in November 2014
- ◆ ROK: developed nuclear security culture implementing guide; hosted domestic and regional workshops on nuclear security culture

Capacity Building (1)

Nuclear Security (and Safeguards) Training Centers

♦ COEs in operation

Japan: ISCN (2010), ROK: INSA (2014), Malaysia: COE for Border

Control, Thailand: COE for Nuclear Forensics

COEs under construction

China: COE under SNSTC (2015), Kazakhstan: Nuclear Safety Training Center

COEs planned to be established

Indonesia: Iconsep, Vietnam: Technical Support Centre for Safeguards and Security

Capacity Building (2)

Training programs

	Provider of training	Security	SG	Other topics	Cooperation with
Australia					IAEA, US/DOE, JAEA
Bangladesh	BAEC	0		Border control, nuclear reactor engineering	IAEA, US/DOE, Russia, JAEA
China	SNSTC	0	\circ		IAEA, US/DOE
Indonesia	BAPETEN	0	0	Border Control	IAEA
Japan	ISCN	0	0		IAEA, US/DOE, EC/JRC
Kazakhstan	NSTC				US, UK, Russia
Korea	INSA	0	0	Export control	IAEA, US/DOE
Malaysia	AELB	0	0	Border control, emergency preparedness	IAEA, US/DOE
Mongolia	NEA	0		Border control, calibration	IAEA, US/DOE
Philippines	PNRI	0	0	Border control	IAEA, US/DOE
Thailand	OAP	0	0	Export control Border control, EP, CBRN, Forensics	IAEA, ASNO, US/DOE, JAEA, EU
Vietnam	VARANS	0	0	Rad detection, EP, CBRN	IAEA, US/DOE, JAEA, EU